

Name/ Title of Paper: Photo in-organic chemistry

[Maximum Marks : 80]

Time : Three Hours]

Minimum Marks : 29

Note : Answer from Both the section as Directed. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**Section-A**

1- Answer the following questions: 1X10

- What do you understand by non rodentine processes.
- What do you mean by triplet excited state
- What is charge transfer excitation
- Which excited state has long life
- What do you understand by the term excitation
- How the excited species can be completely different to normal state molecule
- What is a diabetic photochemical reaction.
- Singlet excited state alid dissociation constant PK^* can be smaller or greater than the group state PK - for phens.
- Define metal complex sensitiger.
- What is d-d state states or legend field state

2- Answer the following question 2X5=10

- What is quantum yield? The quantum yield is different for deferent substitution reaction why?
- Explain briefly himerecular deactivation dwindling.
- Give the distinctive properties of excitors and exalted state demurs. How the change transfer meonanism. Explain the quenching.
- Explain the excretal state redox potential with example of FC^2/FC^{3+} and methylene blue complex.

OR

What is intermolecular potoxidation reaction.

OR

Mechanism of photoaqtion reaction.

(e) Illustrate the redox character of ruthenium²⁺ bipiridil complex.

OR

Explain what is low Hing energy states in transition metal complexed?

OR

What are utility of redox process of electronically excited state for cataly he purposar.

Section-B

Answer all questions marks are shown against each question.

Unit-I

3- a- Clarify eienstein S law of photochemical equation and justify that the energy absorb by one I am molecule is inversely proportional to the wave length of radiation. 7

b- Explain the causes of law & high quantum efficiency. 5

Or

- Discuss the various processer occurring in the excatal state. 7
- Discuss the principle for investigating the vibrational stracture of electronic spectra. Or Discuss the principle concernal with mechanism of photoinduled chemical reaction. 5

Unit-II

4- Explain the shift in 0-0 transition due to solveot interaction in the two state of different polarity for absooption and emission processes. 12

OrDescribe the stricture parity and acid base stroath of exected state. 12**Unit-III**

5- a- Discuss the comparison of excitation of metal. Complexes with organic compounds by photos. 6

b- What do you understand by MLCT transition. 6

Or

- Discuss the LINCT Transitonof octahedral Cr(III) complexes. 6
- Explain one method for obtaining charge I transfer spectra . 6

Unit-IV

6- a- Illustrate the reducing and oxidising character of $[Ru(bipy)_3]^{2+}$ and crapare the properties with $[Fe(bidy)_3]^{2+}$ 7

b- What is intermoledular photo oxidation reaction 5

Or

a- Write explanatory notes on the following
i- Water Photolysis
ii- Zero-Zero spectroscopic energy

12

Unit-V

7- a- Explain the enaracterstic phosphorescence spectry of the following inorganic complexs.
i- $3(\Pi - \Pi^*)$ State in $[\text{Rn}(\text{phen})_3]\text{ClO}_4$
ii- $3(\text{d} - \text{Pi}^*)$ State in $[\text{Rn}(\text{bipy})_3]\text{Cl}_2$
iii- $3(\text{d} - \text{d})$ State in solid $[\text{Rn} \text{Cl}_2(\text{phen})_2]\text{Cl}$.

12

Or

a- How do you account for energy transfer photochemical reaction under conditions of weak and strong interaction. 7
b- How the inergy changes will take place when $[\text{Ru}(\text{bipy})_2]^{3+}$ Ions absesh leybl? Explain.

5