

AE-561

B.B.A. (Part - III)
Term End Examination, 2016-17

FOUNDATION COURSE

English Language

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 75
[Minimum Pass Marks : 26

Note : Answer **all** questions. There is internal choice in each question. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Unit-I

1. Answer any **three** of the following questions in about 200 words each : **5×3**
 - (a) Why could the shepherd boy sit on the Judgement seat of Vikramaditya and not the King ?
 - (b) How does Vivekananda proved that spiritual ideas are not dying out, rather they have just begun to grow ?

(2)

- (c) With regard to the development of Indian women what are the themes which should be particularly considered ?
- (d) What was the position of Panchayati Raj institutions in India before Independence ?
- (e) What do you understand by Globalization ? How does it influence world trade ?

Unit-II

2. Write an essay on any **one** of the following topics in about **200** words : 10

- (a) Impact of demonetization on Indian market
- (b) Environmental Pollution
- (c) Challenges to Cashless Economy
- (d) Corruption in Public Life

Unit-III

3. Write a precis of the following passage and suggest a suitable title : 10

Beauty is a great source of joy. The pretty face of a woman, the smile of a child, the glory of sunrise and sunset, the colours of flowers have a universal charm. A work of art, a beautiful statue, a painting, a song or a dance performance has a great influence on

(3)

the people. The beauty of art and literature is not physical. It is spiritual. It may be of any form, but it has its spell on man. Natural scenes, the poetry of Tagore, the plays of Kalidas, the paintings of Nandalal Bose, all have an everlasting appeal. These beautiful things lessen the burden of the toilsome life and make it worth living. But one single thing does not give the same feeling to man for the whole life. A variety and change is necessary. And this variety and change makes the appeal of one beautiful thing lasting and it remains a source of joy forever.

Unit-IV

4. (a) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

Some rich people say that poverty is due to laziness, drinks or stupidity. Therefore, they say, it is the fault of the poor. Even if that were true, we should still have a duty to the poor. It is the duty of the wise to help the foolish, the duty of the strong to help the weak. But it is not wholly true. In the modern economic set-up there are many things which the poor cannot control. A good deal of poverty is not due to laziness or any other fault of the working people. It is due to the fact that means of production are controlled by a few lucky persons who made unfair use of them.

(4)

Questions :

5

(i) What are the causes of poverty, according to some rich people ?

(ii) Are the poor to blame for it ?

(iii) What duty do the rich people owe to the poor ?

(iv) Who is really to be blamed for poverty in the modern economic set-up ?

(v) Give a suitable title to the above passage.

(b) Give one word substitution for any *three* of the following phrases : 3

(i) A shady place under trees.

(ii) Strangeness in human behaviour.

(iii) A written account of one's own life.

(iv) The habit of talking about oneself.

(v) A flat waste land.

(c) Make Noun from any *four* of the following Adjectives : 4

Strong, Poor, True, Tender, Great, Heroic.

(d) Use any *three* of the following idioms and phrases to form a meaningful sentences : 3

(i) To rely on

(5)

- (ii) To open up
- (iii) To take over
- (iv) To write off
- (v) To take place
- (vi) To attend to

Unit-V

5. Do as directed any **twenty five** of the following : **1×25**

(a) Insert suitable articles where necessary :

- (i) Butter is made from cream.
- (ii) retired Captain still loves sailing.
- (iii) Take umbrella with you to office.

(b) Complete the following sentences using 'some' or 'any' plus a suitable noun :

- (iv) Karan has gone to the bank to get
- (v) Can I have on my bread ? I prefer Amul if you have it.
- (vi) I would like about the hotels in and around Bhopal, please.

(6)

(c) Fill in the blanks with collective nouns :

- (vii) Veerappan was the leader of a well known of criminals.
- (viii) Karan gave Reetika a of flowers.
- (ix) Indian Airlines has a of Boeing 747's.

(d) Supply the correct form of the verb given in the brackets :

- (x) A Tale of Two Cities (is/are) an excellent novel of Charles Dickens.
- (xi) This scissors (is/are) blunt; give me another.
- (xii) The news at last (give/gives) ground for a better future.
- (xiii) The jury (is/are) expected to return their verdict later this week.

(e) Supply 'if' or 'unless' in the following sentences :

- (xiv) She would not have waited you had been late.
- (xv) He would not speak Hindi he comes to India.
- (xvi) I will go to the door I hear the bell.

(7)

(f) Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

(xvii) He is being kept police custody.

(xviii) He was sentenced five years of rigorous imprisonment.

(xix) He was accused murder.

(xx) Profits depend largely production and sales.

(g) Change the voice of the following :

(xxi) His employer gave him another chance.

(xxii) She was dismissed from service.

(xxiii) The poor blind beggar was knocked down by a bus.

(xxiv) The car was started with great difficulty.

(h) Change the narrations of the following :

(xxv) He said, "Shut the door after you".

(xxvi) Ram said to me, "We always try to please you".

(xxvii) The boy said to the shopkeeper, "Are there any ripe mangoes in the shop" ?

(8)

(i) Fill in the blanks with appropriate question tags :

(xxviii) We rarely go to pictures on Sunday, — ?

(xxix) I am in a happy position of life, — ?

(xxx) Let us take a walk in the open, — ?
